

Abilene Weekly Reporter.

VOL. VI.

ABILENE, DICKINSON COUNTY, KANSAS, DECEMBER 13, 1888.

NO. 16.

We want all the GOOD FARM LOANS

WE CAN GET,

At as Favorable a Rate of Interest
as can be obtained elsewhere.

Call on us before you make your Loan.

The Abilene Mortgage Co.

Office up-stairs over Citizens Bank.

The bloody scenes in Alabama as related in our dispatches show a most terrible side of human nature. The brute in man is not yet subdued and he still remains considerably "lower than the angels."

The Birmingham, Alabama, troubles were only quieted by the presence of armed men. It is a sad commentary on the workings of justice when men see fit to take such severe measures for securing the punishment of offenders.

In twenty-nine States from which complete official returns are in the Prohibitionists polled 184,604 votes, which were pretty evenly distributed. The Labor party polled over 100,000 votes, and it is worthy of note that about one-half of this entire number came from the States of Kansas and Missouri.

The Republicans have the next President, the next House of Representatives, the supreme court and the Senate. They have also the State governments in entirety of twenty-one States, besides the legislature of an additional one, New York. They have practically as complete control of the whole country as they had of the loyal States in 1864.

An important improvement in clocks has been shown by the British Association for the advancement of science by Mr. W. H. Douglass. The new feature is the torsion pendulum, which, with lever and escapement, may be applied to ordinary works, and by its slow rate of vibration makes practicable the conversion of an eight-day clock into one requiring winding only once a year.

Postmaster General Dickinson as essentially fails to carry the mails as he did to carry Michigan. He don't seem to have a head for that kind of work. There is no other office under the administration which comes so directly in contact with all the 60,000,000 of people as the postoffice. When it fails to come up to "high water mark" they growl, and they have a right to.—[Inter-Ocean.]

On and after January 1, the Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska Railway company will be known as the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad. The road was built under the former name, but has always been recognized as a part of the Rock Island system. The cars are being repainted, and in a few days the C. K. & N. rolling stock will be transformed into Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific cars.

The people of North Dakota passed resolutions yesterday favoring the name "North Dakota" as that of the new State which it is believed will soon be formed of that section of the Territory. A well-developed howl of protest ought to go up from the American press against inflicting such a name upon a Commonwealth when there is such a limitless field of nomenclature to choose from.

The Gettysburg (Pa.) Star and Sentinel pays the following handsome compliment to the Sunflower State:

As 50,176 plurality for Harrison exceeds 79,289, Pennsylvania yields the palm to her twenty-seven-year-old sister, Kansas. And since we have to abandon our claim to lead the procession, we might as well admit, what the percentage calculator could easily demonstrate, that if Kansas in a total vote of 285,652 for Harrison and Cleveland gives the former 80,176 plurality, Pennsylvania in a total vote of 973,157 for the same candidates must have about 270,000 plurality to come up to her.

A fish story: There are seventy million fish caught annually off the Newfoundland coast, and yet there is no diminution in the supply of fish. It has been calculated that if so many fish were not destroyed they would soon occupy all the available space on earth. For instance, each cod fish produces four and one-half million eggs every season. Other fish are almost equally prolific. Buffon calculated that if a pair of herrings could be left to breed and multiply for twenty years, they would produce an amount of fish equal in bulk to the globe on which we live.

The disappointed Democratic office-seekers who propose to organize a non-partisan soldiers' society in opposition to the Grand Army of the Republic do not realize that they are making themselves absurd by advocating the very thing to which they profess to be so much opposed, since their new order would be composed exclusively of Democrats.

Philadelphia Press: It is not probable that there will be any real break in the Grand Army organization. If a few Democrats withdraw in some of the States, it will be for the purpose of effecting a purely Democratic organization which can accomplish nothing outside of politics. The Grand Army is an organization too strong and with purposes too well defined to be broken up or weakened by a few men soured and angry because they were unable to misuse it.

One of the constitutional amendments adopted in November gives the Legislature power to regulate by law, "the rights of aliens in reference to the purchase, enjoyment and descent of property" in Kansas. The Legislature should take hold of this matter at an early day, and enact such laws that neither an alien nor a foreign corporation can come into Kansas and buy up large tracts of land for speculation or otherwise. Kansas lands should be for Kansans, and not for dukes, lords or syndicates.

Congressman McKinley, the leading advocate of protection in the House, has been interviewed in New York concerning the policy of the Republicans in relation to the tariff. He says that the Senate will certainly proceed with the consideration of the tariff bill which was reported from the finance committee at the last session, and that the probability is that the bill will be passed with such amendments as discussion may show is necessary, and then be sent to the House.

Prof. Elisha Gray remarks that electrical science has made a greater advance in the last twenty years than in all the 6000 historic years preceding. More is discovered in one day now than in a thousand years of the middle ages. We find all sorts of work for electricity to do. We make it carry our messages, drive our engines, ring our door bell, and scare the burglar; we take it as a medicine, light our gas with it, see by it, hear from it, talk with it, and now we are beginning to teach it to write.

The President deplores the fact that Congress devotes so much of its time to private bills to the exclusion of matters of "public interest." And yet during the last session of Congress Mr. Cleveland found ample time to thoroughly examine all the evidence advanced in favor of the private pension bills at the rate of two per day for the entire session, and in addition thereto he found time to write vetoes to private pension bills at the rate of one and one-half per day for the entire session. Vigorous mind has our President.

The K. C. Times is very mad at West Virginia. It cannot forgive that State for breaking up the Solid South. The Times calls up the old Public Debt fight between that State and Virginia and strongly intimates that West Virginia has been guilty of a great wrong because she has persistently refused to pay any part of a debt created for the sole purpose of making public improvements east of the Alleghany mountains. The only public improvement made by the old State in what is now West Virginia was the building of a turnpike, and yet the old State wanted the new to assume and pay one-third of the entire debt, amounting to \$41,000,000. The party to which the Times belongs has been in power in West Virginia for ten years, yet during all that time the State never thought to child the State with dishonesty. It is only when the State has thrown off the Democratic yoke, that it becomes a "debt repudiating commonwealth."

The Popular Vote.

The fact that S. J. Tilden received a plurality of all the votes cast in 1876, and still failed to reach the presidential chair led many persons to discuss the feasibility of electing a President by a direct vote of the people. The more the problem is examined, the less desirable is a change from our electoral system. But the disappointed Democrats are now reaching after consolation in the election figures of this year, which show a plurality for Mr. Cleveland of something over 100,000 votes.

There is, however, very little consolation for the Democrat in the examination of the popular vote of 1888. The Democratic pluralities appear in just the places where they are not at all needed and as a rule the only places where there is any increase at all in the Democratic vote are in those States where it is notorious that Republican voters are practically disfranchised. In the twenty-two northern States, where there is always a free expression at election, Mr. Harrison received 4,083,169 votes and Mr. Cleveland 3,615,788. The total vote in these States for the two leading candidates is 7,698,957, and about 70 per cent of the entire vote of the Nation. Mr. Harrison's plurality in these States is 467,381. The sixteen southern States cast 3,274,159 votes, or less than half the number cast in the North, yet Cleveland's plurality in this section was 567,364. By the same methods which gave Cleveland over half a million majority in the sixteen southern States which cast about 30 per cent of the entire vote, a Democratic candidate could have received a million majority in the same States, had that number been needed.

We are heartily in favor of a popular vote if the 180,000 males over 21 in Georgia, the 80,000 in Alabama, the 122,000 in Mississippi, the 114,000 in Louisiana and the 125,000 in South Carolina who were prevented from voting at the election last month could have a voice in the election.

The suppression of the colored vote in the South means a loss to the Republican party of over half a million votes. Under a popular system of voting governed by National authorities there would be an end to disfranchisement by pretended property qualifications or tax laws in some Southern States, by insufficiency of voting places in others, by fraudulent conduct of election officers or by false returns in others still. The elections would then be conducted by United States officials, appointed by the United States courts or by some other branch of the National Government, and it would be made their duty to report the fact wherever a free vote is prevented by intimidation or violence. Upon the validity of any vote or return a proper Federal court would then have the exclusive power to pass. If the Democrats think they could elect a President or a majority of Congressmen in a perfectly free and fair election thus conducted, let them invite the experiment.

James Whitcomb Riley, the Hoosier poet, has learned that it is not necessary for him to leave Indianapolis to get inspiration for a poem upon the grandeur of the sea. At Norfolk, Va., Mr. Riley's sleep was disturbed by the break of the waves on the beach near his hotel, and he wrote a poem then and there on the grandeur and constancy of old ocean. The next morning he discovered that the music of the waves came from the steam radiator in his room. Mr. Riley has made many discoveries, but none that will be of more value to the "Indiana school of poets" than this experience in old Virginia.

The law of New Hampshire requires the makers of oleomargarine to color it pink so that it cannot by any possibility be mistaken for butter. The Supreme Court of the State has just affirmed the constitutionality of the law. It is a pity now that the principle is established that the law is not a little more flexible. It ought to permit the use of any color, save the distinctive yellow of real butter, and give the people of the State an opportunity to show their taste and indulge in a little variety. People who have eaten pink butter all the week might like to try blue for Sundays and crimson for Christmas.—[Detroit Free Press.]

The following from a high railroad authority, the National Car Builder, aptly expresses the feelings of most people regarding railway facilities:

Before attempting to accelerate the speed of trains railroad men would do well to exhaust all their resources in making existing trains keep to the schedule time. If the advertising agent of any through route was in a position to tell the traveling public that he would guarantee to land passengers at their destination on time nine times out of ten he would be certain to secure the greatest share of the business. Punctuality of existing trains is a luxury much more to be desired than any promise of shorter time, with the certainty of still more annoying delays. Some of the leading lines ought really to try and reform their train service in the interests of punctuality. On many roads it is quite an exceptional and surprising circumstance for a through train to get in on time.

POSITIVE Reduction Sale Of Our Entire Stock of DRY : GOODS!

In order to reduce our stock as low as possible by the first of January we will offer our entire stock at Greatly Reduced Prices, and some lines of goods we will close out at cost.

DRESS GOODS.

In this line we are overstocked, and are therefore prepared to offer you some Great Bargains. For instance, we now offer 38-inch-wide wool-faced Henrietta Cloths at 25c, former price was 37 1-2c. A lot of half-wool Dress Goods at 10c, a 40-inch-wide fine black Cashmere at 48c, an elegant line of fine Henrietta Cloths at 78c, former price was \$1.00. All-wool Dress Flannel 28c. Don't fail to see our Henrietta Cloths at 25c. If you want a dress of any kind, see us; we certainly will save you some money.

500 Yards Colored Gros Grain Silks at 87 1-2c per yard, former price was \$1.25. We have also a good line of Black Gros Grain Silks in good goods that we will sell at very close prices.

Good Bargains in Flannels of every description.
Good Bargains in Cotton Flannels.
Good Bargains in Cassimere and Jeans.
Splendid Bargains in Blankets.

This Grand Reduction Sale Will Include:

125 dozen Ladies' and Gents' Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, all new and of the most elegant patterns. Also, 25 dozen Ladies' and Gents' Mufflers. All these Handkerchiefs and Mufflers will be sold at a fearful reduction on former prices. You certainly will save money on every item of Dry Goods that you have to buy.

UNDERWEAR.

Our immense sales of Underwear are the best evidence that our goods are good and our prices are low. Don't buy Underwear until you look us over. We have a few Gents' scarlet, all-wool Drawers that we will close out for 40c a pair.

Cloaks at Actual Cost.

We have about 50 Ladies' Fine Plush Sacques and Short Wraps which you can buy of us at EXACT COST. Newmarkets at cost; Children's and Misses' Cloaks at cost.

We would ask you to read this advertisement carefully and then come and see us. We mean exactly what we say.

J. G. HAMAKER & CO.

DR. M. E. GROSS,
DENTIST.
Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.

Office in Post-Office Block, over Kump, Fickes & Co's Grocery.

(Formerly of York, Pa.) Oct 19 1880-daw

South American Nerve.

The great conqueror of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, all Nervous Diseases and failing health builder beyond comparison ever discovered and the most certain and absolute preventive and cure for Consumption, when used in time, ever offered to the afflicted. It reforms these marvelous cures by filling the blood with richness and vital plasma which rapidly heals all diseased and broken tissues and casts off all disease from the system. A trial bottle will convince you. Price 15 cents, and \$1.25.

DELAND & CO
CAP SHEAF
SODA

The Cap Sheaf Brand
IS THE BEST.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss:
Dickinson County, ss:
Joan H. Rand
vs.
Edward M. Bell and Linda M. Bell.
By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the clerk's office of the district court sitting in and for said Dickinson County, in case above captioned and to me directed, I will on Monday, the 17th day of December, 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in said county, offer for sale at public auction and sell without appraisal, to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, to satisfy said order of sale, all the estate, title and interest of the above named defendants, and each of them, and all persons claiming under them, in and to the following described tract and parcel of land situated in said county: The east half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), in township sixteen (16), south of range three (3) east of the sixth principal meridian in Dickinson County, Kansas, and containing eighty (80) acres more or less, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Notice of Final Settlement.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss:
Dickinson County, ss:
In the matter of the estate of Alton F. Haskell, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administrator, will on Monday, the 7th day of January, A. D. 1889, make final settlement of the estate of Alton F. Haskell, deceased, at the office of Owen A. Bassett, Salina, Kas., Attorney for Plaintiff.

Assignee's Notice.

All persons interested are hereby notified that I, the undersigned assignee of Frederick H. Boardman, recently engaged in business at Abilene, in Dickinson County, Kansas, under the firm name of F. H. Boardman and company, will on the 14th, 15th and 16th days of February, A. D. 1889, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m., of said days, at the office of the Kansas Farm Mortgage company in the city of Abilene, Dickinson County, Kansas, proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects of the said Frederick H. Boardman, and all creditors are hereby notified to attend at said place during the said time and day before me, as such assignee, the nature and amount of their demands, and unless they shall do so they will be precluded from any benefit of said estate.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the Probate Court of Dickinson County, State of Kansas.
In the matter of the estate of Timothy Ewell, deceased.
Creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of Timothy Ewell, deceased, will take notice that Henry W. Bailey, administrator of said estate, will make final settlement of said estate at the January term of said Probate Court of Dickinson County, Kansas, and on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1889, or as soon thereafter as a hearing can be had.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the Probate Court of Dickinson County, State of Kansas.
In the matter of the estate of Albert Damrow, deceased.
Creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of Albert Damrow, deceased, will take notice that Henry W. Bailey, administrator of said estate, will make final settlement of said estate at the January term of said Probate Court of Dickinson County, Kansas, and on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1889, or as soon thereafter as a hearing can be had.

Sheriff's Sale.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER of sale issued by the Clerk of the District Court of Dickinson County, State of Kansas, in and for said county, in case above captioned and to me directed, I will on Monday, January 7th, A. D. 1889, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Abilene, county of Dickinson, State of Kansas, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following real estate, to-wit: Lots Nos. two and four (2 and 4) in Block No. nine (9) in the town of Carlton, in Dickinson County, State of Kansas.
The said real estate will be sold pursuant to the judgment of the Court in said cause recited in said order of sale.

Legal Notice.

In the Probate Court of Dickinson County, Kansas.
In the matter of the estate of Albin A. Tolbert, deceased.
You are hereby notified that you are required to be and appear in the Probate Court of Dickinson County, Kansas, at the city of Abilene in said county on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1888, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why a certain instrument in writing presented to said Probate Court, and now on file therein, should not be admitted to probate as the last will and testament of the said Albin A. Tolbert, deceased, and why letters testamentary thereon should not be issued to Lewis B. Campbell, the executor named in said will, according to its provisions now on file.

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the Probate Court of Dickinson County, State of Kansas.
In the matter of the estate of Susie W. Risser, deceased.
Creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of Susie W. Risser, deceased, will take notice that Francis Risser, administrator of said estate, will make final settlement of said estate at the January term of said Probate Court of Dickinson County, Kansas, and on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1889, or as soon thereafter as a hearing can be had.

Notice of Appointment—Administrator.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss:
Dickinson County, ss:
In the matter of the estate of David Hottelmann late of Dickinson County, Kansas.
Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of November, A. D. 1888, the undersigned was, by the Probate Court of Dickinson County, Kansas, duly appointed and qualified as administrator of said estate, will make final settlement of said estate at the January term of said Probate Court of Dickinson County, Kansas, and on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1889, or as soon thereafter as a hearing can be had.

\$100,000 To Loan—\$100,000.

One hundred thousand dollars to loan at lowest rates on farm property.

FRY, ROYER & CO.,
Citizens Bank building.

We have Money to loan at 6 1-2 per cent. interest, with privilege of paying in multiples of \$100.00 at any interest payment.

Great rejoicing all over the world on account of the discovery of South American Nerve which is acknowledged by all as the most valuable medical discovery of this century. It possesses properties which quickly cure the Stomach and Nerve and give sweet and refreshing health. It is a cure for a weak Stomach, weak Nerves, weak Lungs, weakly females, weakness of old age and all forms of debility. A trial bottle will convince you. Price 15 cts. and \$1.25. Sold by J. M. GILBERTSON druggist, Abilene, Kansas.

\$100,000 TO LOAN.

We have \$100,000 to loan on farm and city property at the lowest rates. Loans closed promptly. No delay.

Found by Accident.

BALTIMORE, Md., January 28th, 1887.
I have been a sufferer for six years with Catarrh, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Rheumatism of the Chest, from blood poison. About four weeks ago I was passing the Botanic Blood Balm store, No. 8 North Street, Baltimore. I went in and consulted your agent about my case. He gave me one of your B. B. B. "Book of Wonders," which I read. I called in a few days afterward and got a bottle of your Botanic Blood Balm—B. B. B. I am now on the third bottle and will say that I have felt a marked improvement since the first day after commencing to use your medicine. I now have no trouble with my blood, and I have improved so much every way that I am satisfied that by the use of your medicine I will soon be all right.

In Brief, and to the Point.
Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature. The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order. Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cooking, mental worry, late hours, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics. But Green's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy. Remember—No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

CONSUMPTION CURED.
An old physician, retired from active practice having had placed in his hands by an East India Company's physician a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, dyspepsia, rheumatism, and all throat and lung affections, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, he is desirous to make it known to his suffering fellows. The recipe sent free, to all who desire it with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Address, with stamp, naming this paper, M. E. CASS, 210 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J.

B. B. B.
(Botanic Blood Balm.)
The great Blood Purifier and Tonic. It cures Scrofula, Kidney Troubles; Catarrh, Skin Humors, Rheumatism, Eruptions, Boils, etc., and is a wonderful tonic.—For sale by Barnes & Northcraft.

UNIVERSAL
BARB LINIMENT
WIRE
IS AN INFALLIBLE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR ALL LAMENESS AND ALL COMMON DISEASES OF BONE, MUSCLE, NERVE, AND JOINT. GENUINE. NOT BEARING OUR OWN TRADE MARK. CURE WIRE LINIMENT CO. LIBERTY, N. B.

For sale by
D. G. Smith, Abilene, Kas.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE ORIGINAL WINS.
F. M. Robertson, Coryville, Kan.
I sell more bottles of Dr. Seth Arnold's COUGH KILLER than of any other cough medicine kept in stock, although I keep fifteen varieties.

ITS STOPPED FREE
NERVE RESTORER
For all cases of Nerve Exhaustion, only new and original. It is the only medicine that will stop the nerve and restore it to its normal condition. It is the only medicine that will stop the nerve and restore it to its normal condition. It is the only medicine that will stop the nerve and restore it to its normal condition.